CLAIMS

1. A separating agent for enantiomeric isomers comprising, as an active ingredient, a polysaccharide derivative having at least part of hydrogen atoms of hydroxyl groups of a polysaccharide substituted by at least one of atomic groups represented by the following general formulae (I) and (II):

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
O & H & O \\
\parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\
---C - N - C - R
\end{array} (1)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
O & O \\
\parallel & \parallel \\
-C - C - R
\end{array} (II)$$

(in the formulae, R represents a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic group, or a linear, branched, or cyclic aliphatic group).

- 2. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1, wherein the polysaccharide comprises cellulose or amylose.
- 3. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1 or 2, wherein R in each of the general formulae (I) and (II) represents an atomic group represented by the following general formula (III):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^1 \\
R^2 \\
R^3
\end{array}$$
(III)

(in the formula, R^1 to R^5 may be identical to or different from each other, and R^1 to R^5 each represent an atom or group selected from hydrogen, a halogen, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an amino group, a nitro group, a siloxy group, and an alkylthio group).

- 4. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 3, wherein \mathbb{R}^1 to \mathbb{R}^5 in the general formula (III) each represent an atom or group selected from hydrogen, a halogen, and an alkyl group.
- 5. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the atomic group represented by the general formula (I) comprises an atomic group represented by the following formula (IV).

6. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to

claim 1 or 2, wherein the atomic group represented by the general formula (I) comprises an atomic group represented by the following formula (V).

7. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the atomic group represented by the general formula (I) comprises an atomic group represented by the following formula (VI).

8. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the atomic group represented by the general formula (I) comprises an atomic group represented by the following formula (VII).

9. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1 or 2, wherein R in each of the general formulae (I) and (II) represents an atomic group represented by the following formula (VIII).

10. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1 or 2, wherein R in each of the general formulae (I) and (II) represents an atomic group represented by the following formula (IX).

11. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to claim 1 or 2, wherein R in each of the general formulae (I) and (II) represents an atomic group represented by the following formula (X).

- 12. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to any one of claims 1 to 11, which is used as a stationary phase for chromatography.
- 13. The separating agent for enantiomeric isomers according to any one of claims 1 to 11, which is used as a stationary phase for continuous liquid chromatography.
- 14. Use of the polysaccharide derivative according to claim 1 as a separating agent for enantiomeric isomers.
- 15. A method of separating enantiomeric isomers by bringing the polysaccharide derivative according to claim 1 into contact with the enantiomeric isomers.